SHEPHERD'S HUT (ORGAN PIPES NATIONAL PARK)

Location

980 CALDER HIGHWAY KEILOR NORTH, BRIMBANK CITY

Municipality

BRIMBANK CITY

Level of significance

Heritage Inventory Site

Heritage Inventory (HI) Number

H7822-0714

Heritage Listing

Victorian Heritage Inventory

Statement of Significance

Last updated on -

Data has been updated as a result of the Outer Western Metro Project, Context, March 2010.

Site photographs taken when the site was first surveyed show the area to have been recently mowed. At the time of the recent survey, the site was under long grass. However, the putative rock footings identied in 2003 appear to survive in the same state.

Archaeological Significance

Two loose formations of rocks could be discerned. The northernmost, measuring 5m by 5m takes the form of a rough rectangle and can be interpreted as the foundation of a hut. To the south west of this lies a less regular but still sub-rectangular grouping which could represent a separate structure of 6m by 4m. The suggestion is of two single room structures, rather than one building of two rooms.

Archaeological investigation would be required to determine whether in fact these rock formations do represent the footings of one or more huts. It is likely that artefactual deposits will remain in the vicinity.

Historical Significance

The site is significant as a pastoral station relating to one of the earliest estates in the area.

Other Names SHEPHERDS HUT - ORGAN PIPES NATIONAL PARK,

Hermes Number 12948

Property Number

History

The land on which the site is located was originally taken up by James Robertson in 1842. A plan dated 8 March 1849, surveyed by Lindsay Clarke, shows the location of a shepherds hut on Section XXVII in the Parish of Maribyrnong.

In July 1849, a shepherd who worked for Robertson disappeared under suspicious circumstances and it was supposed that he had been murdered and his body burnt in a bonfire outside the hut. His wife and a young man living on the station owned by Yuille at Rockbank were identified as the chief suspects but, although parts of a human skull, a jawbone and teeth were apparently found in the ashes of the fire, no-one was charged with the murder (Laskowski 2003).

The case was followed closely by the newspapers of the day and the site was identified in 2003 on the basis of information derived from a number of testimonies made during the investigation.

Reports included a reference to a 'bedroom' which may indicate that the hut had at least two rooms. Other statements suggest that the site may have been occupied for at least 5 years prior to the incident.

This place/object may be included in the Victorian Heritage Register pursuant to the Heritage Act 2017. Check the Victorian Heritage Database, selecting 'Heritage Victoria' as the place source.

For further details about Heritage Overlay places, contact the relevant local council or go to Planning Schemes Online http://planningschemes.dpcd.vic.gov.au/