

---

# MAJOR MITCHELL PLAQUE & Drystone Walls

---

## Location

Summit of Mt Napier BYADUK NORTH, Southern Grampians Shire

## Municipality

SOUTHERN GRAMPIANS SHIRE

## Level of significance

Stage 2 study complete

## Heritage Listing

Southern Grampians Shire

---

## Statement of Significance

Last updated on - August 10, 2003

What is significant?

Major Mitchell's expedition passed nearby this place early in September 1836, when he made several side trips to the summit of Mt Napier in an effort to get bearings and to determine his way forward. Mt Napier was one of the most important places on the expedition. He climbed it on 4th September and his journal entry for that day is extensive.

Monuments and memorials to commemorate Major Mitchell's epic 1836 journey can be found in many locations throughout south western Victoria. The Major crossed Victoria's northern and western plains, found a European settlement already established at Portland, and returned to New South Wales to give a glowing account of the rich land of 'Australia Felix'. One hundred years later, local communities at points along his former route engaged enthusiastically in a bout of centennial monument building. After war memorials, the Mitchell monuments are the most common form of public commemoration in the region. The form of memorial to Major Mitchell at the summit of Mount Napier takes the form of a simple bronze plaque, mounted on a large square concrete base. This is located at the summit of Mount Napier. In the 1840s and 1850s the mountain was an important landmark used to delineate the boundaries of various squatting runs [Mount Napier, Cape Wrath, Brisbane Hill, Lyne, and Old Stockyard (later Banemore). This is evidenced by the construction of drystone walls which meet close to the summit.

How is it significant?

The Major Mitchell Plaque at the summit of Mount Napier of historical significance to the Southern Grampians Shire.

Why is it significant?

The Major Mitchell plaque and drystone walls at the summit of Mount Napier are of historical significance

because the plaque commemorates the very beginning of European interest in, occupation of and subsequent exploitation of the further Western District. It is example of the way in which Major Mitchell is revered as a person of extreme importance within the community. The drystone walls are important historically as they signify early practices of marking out boundaries in vast landscapes, for vast areas of land. They help us to understand a previous way of life, and the often difficult nature of property ownership in the 1840s and 1850s.

Heritage Study/Consultant	Southern Grampians - Southern Grampians Shire Heritage Study, Timothy Hubbard P/L, Annabel Neylon, 2002;
Heritage Act Categories	Registered object,
Hermes Number	23183
Property Number	

---

## Physical Conditions

The plaque is in good condition and is intact.

## Physical Description 1

A simple bronze plaque mounted on a low square concrete base on the summit of Mount Napier. The plaque commemorates Major Mitchell's ascent of the mountain in 1836, and reads "In Memory of/ Major Sir Thomas Mitchell/ Explorer of Australia Felix/ Who discovered and named/ Mount Napier/ in August 12th and 28th 1836/ Erected in his honour/ by school children of the district/ Discovery Day 1915".

The plaque was erected by local school children from Byaduk in 1915.

## Historical Australian Themes

Theme 2: Peopling Australia  
2.5 Promoting settlement

Theme 3: Developing local, regional and national economies  
3.3 Surveying the continent  
3.3.1 Looking for inland seas and waterways  
3.3.4 Looking for land with agricultural potential

Theme 8: Developing Australia's cultural life  
8.7 Honouring achievement  
8.9 Commemorating significant events

## Usage/Former Usage

Monument

## Integrity

High degree of integrity

## Physical Description 2

Major Sir Thomas Livingston Mitchell, Surveyor-General of NSW, explorer and 'discoverer of Australia Felix  
Charles McGennissen, proponent of the memorial cairn

## Physical Description 3

Mount Napier State Park

*This place/object may be included in the Victorian Heritage Register pursuant to the Heritage Act 2017. Check the Victorian Heritage Database, selecting 'Heritage Victoria' as the place source.*

*For further details about Heritage Overlay places, contact the relevant local council or go to Planning Schemes Online <http://planningschemes.dpcd.vic.gov.au/>*