ESSENDON TRAMWAY DEPOT







Flemington & Description Rensington Conservation Study 1985

Location

318-372 MT ALEXANDER ROAD, ASCOT VALE, MOONEE VALLEY CITY

Municipality

MOONEE VALLEY CITY

Level of significance

Included in Heritage Overlay

Victorian Heritage Register (VHR) Number

H1215

Heritage Overlay Numbers

HO141

Heritage Listing

Moonee Valley City

Statement of Significance

Last updated on -

The Essendon Tramway Depot is included on the Victorian Heritage Register (H1215) with the following statement of significance:

What is significant?

The Essendon Tramway Depot was established by the North Melbourne Electric Tramway & Lighting Company in 1906 to serve its lines through Essendon and Maribyrnong. The gable roofed car shed, designed by Ussher and Kemp architects, and built by George Meyer of Ascot Vale, is the only extant part of the original depot. After the Essendon tramway was taken over by the Melbourne & Metropolitan Tramways Board in 1922 a saw tooth roof extension to the original car shed, constructed by Thompson & Chalmers Pty Ltd, was made in 1924, and an overhead tower wagon shed was erected by Massey & Sons. A further extension to the car shed was built by McDougall & Ireland in 1941-42, and the two storey brick office building, erected by EA Watts, was added in 1944.

How is it significant?

The Essendon tramway depot is of historic and architectural importance to the State of Victoria.

Why is it significant?

The Essendon depot is historically important as the earliest operating tram depot in Melbourne and as an integral element of the Melbourne tramway infrastructure. The Melbourne tramway system is nationally significant as the only tramway network remaining in Australia, (a single route still operates in Adelaide). It is the tenth largest system in the world and has the third largest number of routes and services. The original car shed is individually important as it is the sole remaining structure of the only Melbourne electric tramway system built and operated by a private company - all other lines were established and operated by municipal and government authorities.

The Essendon depot is architecturally important because the complex of buildings illustrates the diversity of building styles of the development phases of electric tramways since 1906 - the original tram car shed constructed by the company and the subsequent development by the Melbourne & Metropolitan Tramways Board (M&MTB) which assumed control of the tramway in 1922. Works undertaken by the M&MTB include the 1924 car shed extension associated with the conversion of the cable tramways and the construction of new electric lines, and the austere car shed extension and International or Functionalist style office building built during the Second World War for new services to the munitions and aircraft factories in Maribyrnong and Essendon. The lofty overhead tower wagon shed is a representative example of a special type of building associated with electric tramways.

Heritage Moonee Valley - Moonee Valley Heritage Overlay Places Review, David Helms

Study/Consultant

Heritage Planning, 2012; Moonee Valley - Flemington and Kensington Conservation

Charles City of Malls aggregation (1995)

Study, City of Melbourne, 1985;

Construction dates 1906,

Architect/Designer Ussher & Designer & De

Other Names North Melbourne Electric Tramway and Lighting Company Depot (Former), Review,

Hermes Number 23896

Property Number

Physical Description 1

The 1906 car shed is a simple, gabled shed of red brick, trimmed with creams at the voussoirs and a string mould at the eaves. The windows are multi-paned hopper type and being of steel, are the earliest of their type known in Melbourne. The gable cladding is of iron sheet and inside there is a long inspection pit. Appears to have been added to at rear; a ridge vent may have been added.

The 1906 car shed now forms part of a complex of buildings - please refer to the VHR statement of significance for further information.

This place/object may be included in the Victorian Heritage Register pursuant to the Heritage Act 2017. Check the Victorian Heritage Database, selecting 'Heritage Victoria' as the place source.

For further details about Heritage Overlay places, contact the relevant local council or go to Planning Schemes Online http://planningschemes.dpcd.vic.gov.au/