
FORMER GROSVENOR COMMON SCHOOL



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2008



former grosvenor common
school bond street
collingwood front view
jun1985



1 former grosvenor common
school bond street
collingwood side view
jun1985

Location

2-4 BOND STREET ABBOTSFORD, YARRA CITY

Municipality

YARRA CITY

Level of significance

Registered

Victorian Heritage Register (VHR) Number

H0654

Heritage Overlay Numbers

HO3

VHR Registration

March 11, 1987

Heritage Listing

Victorian Heritage Register

Statement of Significance

Last updated on - July 20, 1999

What is significant?

The former Grosvenor Common School was erected in 1863-64 for John Puckey, School Master, soon after the gazettal of the Common Schools Act 1862. The building consisted of a 36 x 40 foot schoolroom on the ground floor, with the School Master's residence on the first floor. In 1872, when the Education Act providing free, secular and compulsory education for all was enforced, Grosvenor School became known as the Grosvenor State School No. 811. The school survived as a state school until 30th April 1877. Its subsequent uses were predominantly industrial, including as a boot factory and tannery. The building is a two-storey brick and bluestone structure designed in the conservative classical style.

How is it significant?

The former Grosvenor Common School is of historical and architectural significance to the State of Victoria.

Why is it significant?

The former Grosvenor Common School is of historical significance as one of the few surviving privately-established common schools in Victoria. The layout of the school departed from the norms of vested school planning, yet there is no record of official criticism, despite the Board of Education's stringent guidelines on school design. The building is an important reminder of the origins of the State education system in Victoria. The configuration of the building, with its single large class room, school master's upstairs residence and separate entrance doors for girls and boys, provides an interesting glimpse of the reality of 19th century schooling.

The former Grosvenor Common School is of architectural significance as an unusual common school design, departing, as it did, from the Board of Education's guidelines, most noticeably with its absence of ground floor windows. The building's wall treatments are unusual, and very successful. The ground floor of the building consists of heavily banded bluestone with bold red brick quoining. The first floor facade is brick, also with brick quoining. The window treatment to the ground floor is unusual, and the separate doors for girls and boys remain a feature of the facade, giving the building the appearance of a pair of semi-detached houses rather than a typical common school building of the 1860s.

Permit Exemptions

General Exemptions:

General exemptions apply to all places and objects included in the Victorian Heritage Register (VHR). General exemptions have been designed to allow everyday activities, maintenance and changes to your property, which don't harm its cultural heritage significance, to proceed without the need to obtain approvals under the Heritage Act 2017.

Places of worship: In some circumstances, you can alter a place of worship to accommodate religious practices without a permit, but you must **notify** the Executive Director of Heritage Victoria before you start the works or activities at least 20 business days before the works or activities are to commence.

Subdivision/consolidation: Permit exemptions exist for some subdivisions and consolidations. If the subdivision or consolidation is in accordance with a planning permit granted under Part 4 of the *Planning and Environment Act 1987* and the application for the planning permit was referred to the Executive Director of Heritage Victoria as a determining referral authority, a permit is not required.

Specific exemptions may also apply to your registered place or object. If applicable, these are listed below. Specific exemptions are tailored to the conservation and management needs of an individual registered place or object and set out works and activities that are exempt from the requirements of a permit. Specific exemptions prevail if they conflict with general exemptions.

Find out more about heritage permit exemptions [here](#).

Specific Exemptions:

exemption on the requirement for permits for internal alterations, on the condition that the original layout of the former schoolmaster's residence be evidenced by the retention of nibs of the original walls.

Construction dates	1863,
Heritage Act Categories	Registered place,
Hermes Number	310
Property Number	

History

Contextual History:History of Place:

The school survived as a state school until 30th April 1877. In 1888, the building was occupied by Acland, Parker and Doughty, and used as a boot factory. By 1892, the building was occupied by Bates Cocoa Mills which remained at this address until 1933. In 1934, the building was occupied by A R Thompson, a confectionery manufacturer. From 1936 to 1938, the building was occupied by Hall's Dyeing Co., textile dyers. From 1939 the building was used as a tannery.

Extent of Registration

AMENDMENT OF REGISTER OF HISTORIC BUILDINGS

Historic Building No. 654 - Former Grosvenor Common School, 2-4 Bond Street, Collingwood (to the extent of all of the land included in the title (Vol. 6190 Folio 856) and the external and internal fabric of the original building, with an exemption pursuant to Section 26(7) of the *Historic Buildings Act 1981*).

[*Victoria Government Gazette* No. G10 11 March 1987 p. 558]

This place/object may be included in the Victorian Heritage Register pursuant to the Heritage Act 2017. Check the Victorian Heritage Database, selecting 'Heritage Victoria' as the place source.

For further details about Heritage Overlay places, contact the relevant local council or go to Planning Schemes Online <http://planningschemes.dpcd.vic.gov.au/>