
SPARGOS HUT



spargo's hut bright front view



spargo's hut bright distance view

Location

OFF GREAT ALPINE ROAD HOTHAM HEIGHTS, MOUNT HOTHAM ALPINE RESORT

Municipality

MOUNT HOTHAM ALPINE RESORT

Level of significance

Registered

Victorian Heritage Register (VHR) Number

H1609

Heritage Overlay Numbers

HO1

VHR Registration

November 1, 1989

Amendment to Registration

May 23, 1998

Heritage Listing

Victorian Heritage Register

Statement of Significance

Last updated on - May 25, 1999

Spargos Hut was built in 1928-29 as a base for summer gold prospecting activities by William (Bill) Spargo, head of the Country Roads Board road gangs in charge of the reconstruction of the Alpine Road from Harrietville to Omeo. Spargo, who was born in Bairnsdale in 1888, was the son of a gold miner. He built his hut near Golden Point in the Mt Hotham ski village, just outside the Bogong National Park. It has been described as a hut built of corrugated iron with a wooden frame, which has never been altered. The annexe, eight feet wide, was built over permanent water. The whole of the interior of the hut was lined with hessian. Many of the locations for Victorian alpine huts and clubhouses of the 1920s and 1930s were chosen by Spargo, including Cope Hut on the Bogong High Plains built by Spargo in 1929 and classified by the National Trust, The Alpine Club, University Ski Club and Edelweiss Ski Club at Mt Hotham. All these locations were chosen because of their proximity to natural springs in the early 1940s Spargo achieved fame (but not fortune) when he discovered the rich gold reef, the Red Robin at Mt Hotham. In 1946 Spargo married an English widow, Evelyn Piper. The couple were later divorced after which Spargo left Mt Hotham, selling the hut to Harold Maddison, proprietor of the Porepunkah Hotel. From that time Spargo lived on Stradbroke Island in Queensland where he died in 1959. The hut, which is now owned by Nancy Sullivan, Maddison's daughter, has survived virtually intact, protected by its inaccessibility.

Spargos hut has both architectural and historical significance for the following reasons:

- (1) As an intact example of the high country huts erected from the 1880s until the 1950s, mainly as cattlemen's and skiers' huts. Not many of these huts remain and, of these, few are intact. Spargo's hut has been protected by its inaccessibility.
- (2) Spargos hut is an unusual example of the type, having been constructed as a base for summer gold prospecting activities.
- (3) The hut has technical interest for its use of simple building materials, corrugated iron and wood, and for the construction of its annexe over a permanent spring.
- (4) The hut has significance for its associations with the legendary bill Spargo, who chose the locations for and built a number of important Victorian alpine huts and clubhouses during the 1920s and 1930s. These include Cope Ht on the Bogong High Plains, the Alpine Club, University Ski Club and Edelweiss Ski Club at Mt Hotham. These were all located near permanent springs. The Drift Chalet at Mt Hotham (now owned by the CSIRO) used as a water supply a tunnel dug by Spargo as part of his gold seeking activities.
- (5) Spargos hut also provides an object lesson in bushfire survival. Spargo survived the dreadful 1930s fires by sheltering in his high country hut.

Permit Exemptions

General Exemptions:

General exemptions apply to all places and objects included in the Victorian Heritage Register (VHR). General exemptions have been designed to allow everyday activities, maintenance and changes to your property, which don't harm its cultural heritage significance, to proceed without the need to obtain approvals under the Heritage Act 2017.

Places of worship: In some circumstances, you can alter a place of worship to accommodate religious practices without a permit, but you must **notify** the Executive Director of Heritage Victoria before you start the works or activities at least 20 business days before the works or activities are to commence.

Subdivision/consolidation: Permit exemptions exist for some subdivisions and consolidations. If the subdivision or consolidation is in accordance with a planning permit granted under Part 4 of the *Planning and Environment Act 1987* and the application for the planning permit was referred to the Executive Director of Heritage Victoria as a

determining referral authority, a permit is not required.

Specific exemptions may also apply to your registered place or object. If applicable, these are listed below. Specific exemptions are tailored to the conservation and management needs of an individual registered place or object and set out works and activities that are exempt from the requirements of a permit. Specific exemptions prevail if they conflict with general exemptions.

Find out more about heritage permit exemptions [here](#).

| | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Construction dates | 1928, |
| Architect/Designer | Spargo, William, |
| Heritage Act Categories | Registered place, |
| Other Names | SPARGO'S HUT, |
| Hermes Number | 860 |
| Property Number | |

Extent of Registration

Amendment of Register of Government Buildings

Spargo's Hut, near Golden Point, Mt Hotham Ski Village, to the extent of the whole of the building known as Spargo's Hut as shown on Sheet 8324 Edition 1, National Topographic Map Series Bogong (100 000 map series) Grid Co-ordinates AMG 5907000N 514450E.

[Victoria Government Gazette No. G43 1 November 1989 p.2807]

This place/object may be included in the Victorian Heritage Register pursuant to the Heritage Act 2017. Check the Victorian Heritage Database, selecting 'Heritage Victoria' as the place source.

For further details about Heritage Overlay places, contact the relevant local council or go to Planning Schemes Online <http://planningschemes.dpcd.vic.gov.au/>